

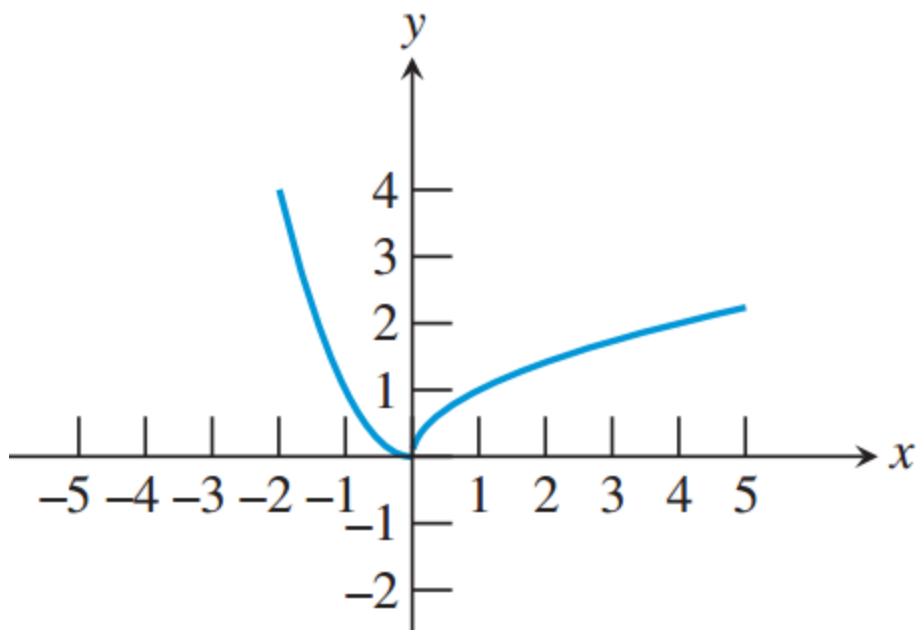
## Identifying a Piecewise-Defined Function

Which of the twelve basic functions has the following **piecewise** definition over separate intervals of its domain?

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ -x & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

## Defining a Function Piecewise

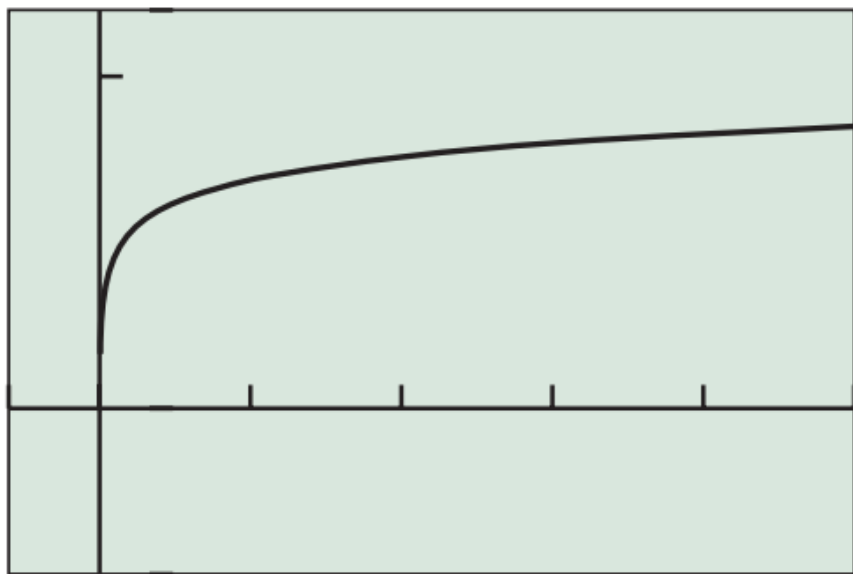
Using basic functions from this section, construct a piecewise definition for the function whose graph is shown in Figure 1.52. Is your function continuous?



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \leq 0 \\ \sqrt{x} & \text{if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

## Looking for a Horizontal Asymptote

Does the graph of  $y = \ln x$  (Figure 1.42) have a horizontal asymptote?

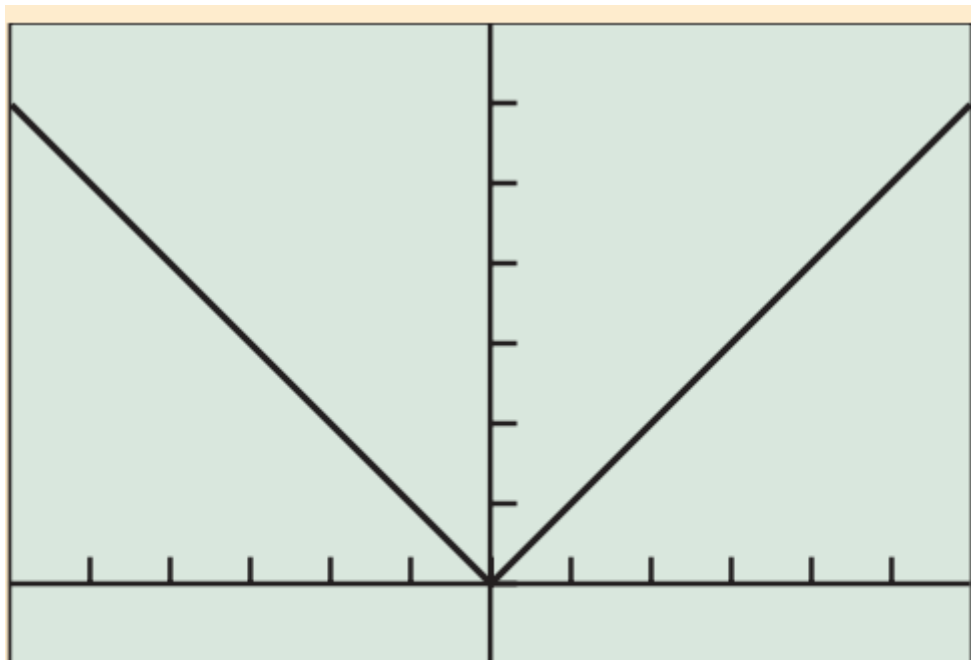


$[-600, 5000]$  by  $[-5, 12]$

**FIGURE 1.53** The graph of  $y = \ln x$  still appears to have a horizontal asymptote, despite the much larger window than in Figure 1.42. (Example 8)

# Analyzing a Function

Give a complete analysis of the basic function  $f(x) = |x|$ .



$[-6, 6]$  by  $[-1, 7]$

$$f(x) = |x|$$

Domain: All reals

Range:  $[0, \infty)$

Continuous

Decreasing on  $(-\infty, 0]$ ; increasing on  $[0, \infty)$

Symmetric with respect to the y-axis (an even function)

Bounded below

Local minimum at  $(0, 0)$

No horizontal asymptotes

No vertical asymptotes

End behavior:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} |x| = \infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} |x| = \infty$