

Graph each triple on the same grid and describe the transformation(s)

In Exercises 21–24, sketch the graphs of f , g , and h by hand. Support your answers with a grapher.

22. $f(x) = x^3 - 2$

$$g(x) = (x + 4)^3 - 1$$

$$h(x) = 2(x - 1)^3$$

23. $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x + 1}$

$$g(x) = 2\sqrt[3]{x} - 2$$

$$h(x) = -\sqrt[3]{x - 3}$$

24. $f(x) = -2|x| - 3$

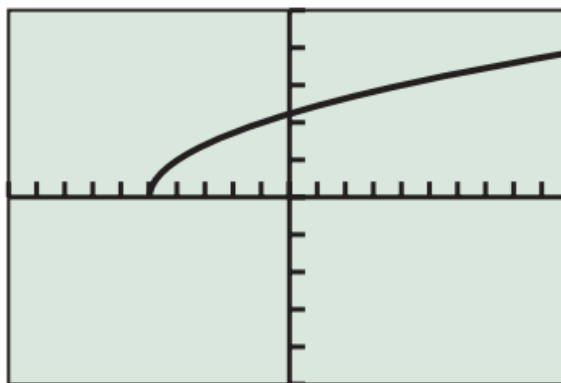
$$g(x) = 3|x + 5| + 4$$

$$h(x) = |3x|$$

Sketch the
functions as
well

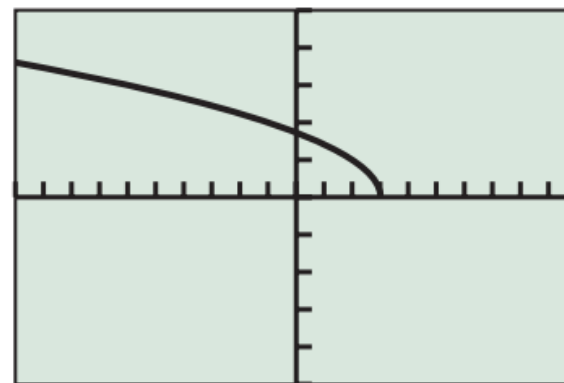
In Exercises 25–28, the graph is that of a function $y = f(x)$ that can be obtained by transforming the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$. Write a formula for the function f .

25.



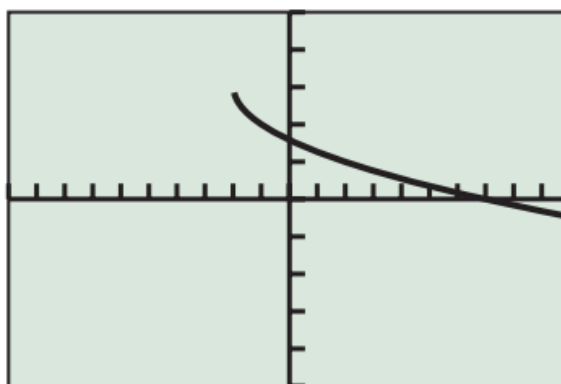
$[-10, 10]$ by $[-5, 5]$

26.



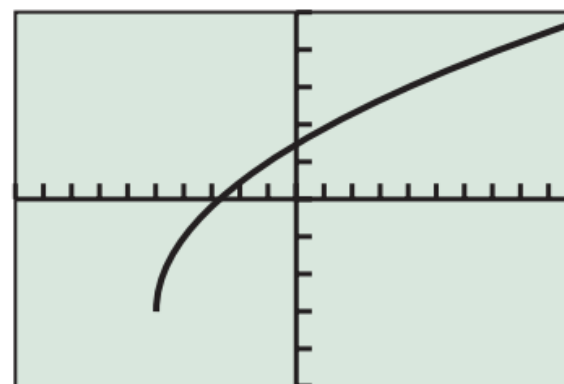
$[-10, 10]$ by $[-5, 5]$

27.



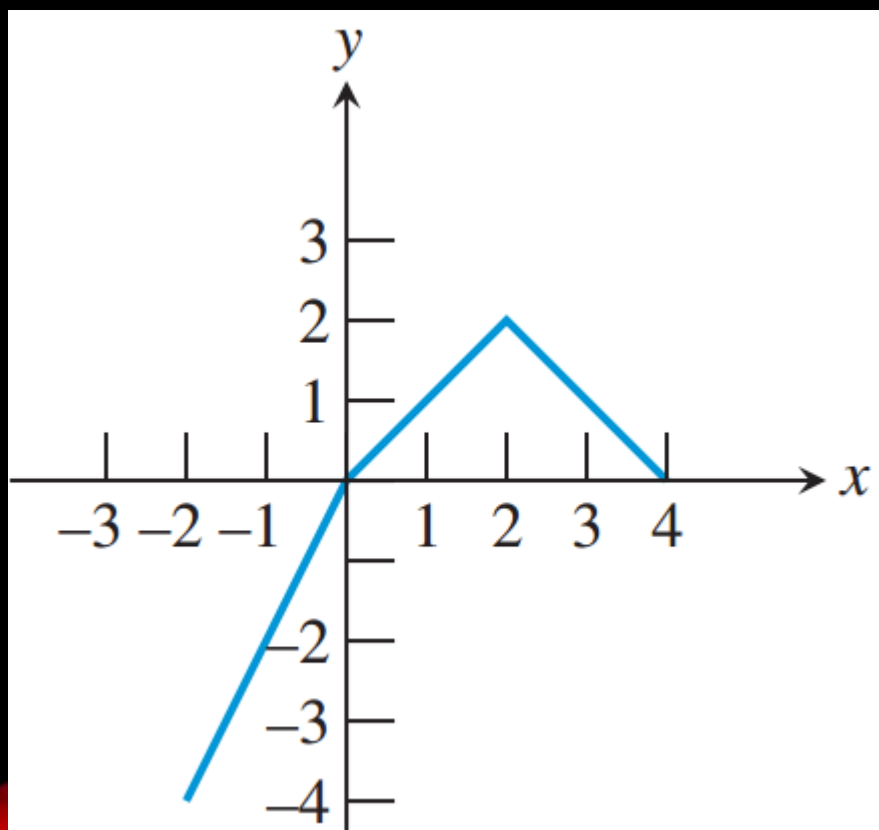
$[-10, 10]$ by $[-5, 5]$

28.



$[-10, 10]$ by $[-5, 5]$

Exercises 51–54 refer to the function f whose graph is shown below.



- 51.** Sketch the graph of $y = 2 + 3f(x + 1)$.
- 52.** Sketch the graph of $y = -f(x + 1) + 1$.
- 53.** Sketch the graph of $y = f(2x)$.
- 54.** Sketch the graph of $y = 2f(x - 1) + 2$.