

Give the exact value of $\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{2}\right)$?

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. 7
- d. -1
- e. none of these

Determine the quadrant in which the terminal side of an angle of $-\frac{6\pi}{5}$ lies.

- a. I
- b. II
- c. III
- d. IV
- e. terminal side lies on one of the axes

Determine the quadrant in which θ lies: $\sin \theta < 0$ and $\cos \theta > 0$

- a. I
- b. II
- c. III
- d. IV
- e. none of these

Given $\cos \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ and $\csc \theta > 0$, find $\sin \theta$ and $\tan \theta$

a. $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}, \tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

c. $\sin \theta = 1, \tan \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$

b. $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}, \tan \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

d. $\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{2}, \tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

Find the value of $\cot\left(\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)$

- a. $-\sqrt{3}$
- b. $\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- d. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

Find the value of $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$

- a. $\frac{5\pi}{6}$
- b. $\frac{2\pi}{3}$
- c. $-\frac{\pi}{6}$
- d. $-\frac{\pi}{3}$

Given points $P = (-5, -2)$ and $Q = (-1, 5)$, find the vector \vec{v} represented by the directed line segment \overrightarrow{PQ} , then find its magnitude.

a. $\vec{v} = \langle 6, -3 \rangle$
 $\|\vec{v}\| = 3\sqrt{5}$

b. $\vec{v} = \langle -4, -7 \rangle$
 $\|\vec{v}\| = \sqrt{65}$

c. $\vec{v} = \langle 4, 7 \rangle$
 $\|\vec{v}\| = \sqrt{65}$

d. $\vec{v} = \langle -6, 3 \rangle$
 $\|\vec{v}\| = 3\sqrt{5}$

Let $\vec{v} = \langle 4, 2 \rangle$ and $\vec{w} = \langle 9, 5 \rangle$, find the dot product of the two vectors

- a. 26
- b. 46
- c. -37
- d. 53

Which of the following pairs of vectors are orthogonal?

- a. $v = 4i - 2j$, $w = 2i - 4j$
- b. $v = 3i + j$, $w = 9i + 3j$
- c. $v = i - j$, $w = i$
- d. $v = -2i + j$, $w = i + 2j$
- e. none of these

If $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x$, find $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$, $h \neq 0$

- a. 2
- b. $\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $\frac{x + \frac{1}{2}h}{h}$
- d. 1
- e. none of these

A right triangle has an acute angle θ such that $\sin \theta = \frac{7}{9}$, find $\tan \theta$

a. $\frac{7\sqrt{2}}{8}$

b. $\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{7}$

c. $\frac{\sqrt{130}}{7}$

d. $\frac{9\sqrt{130}}{130}$

e. none of these