## Assignment

## Write

Describe how the terms constant difference, slope, and average rate of change are related.

## Remember

The explicit formula of an arithmetic sequence can be rewritten as a linear function in the general form $f(x)=a x+b$, where $a$ and $b$ are real numbers, using algebraic properties. The constant difference of an arithmetic sequence is always equal to the slope of the corresponding linear function.

## Practice

1. Rakesha claims that the equation $f(n)=5 n-7$ is the function notation for the sequence that is represented by the explicit formula $a_{n}=-2+5(n-1)$. James doesn't understand how this can be the case.
a. Help James by listing the steps to write the explicit formula of the given sequence in function notation. Provide a rationale for each step.
b. Graph the function. Label the first 5 values of the sequence on the graph.
2. Determine whether each table of values represents a linear function. For those that represent linear functions, write the function. For those that do not, explain why not.
a.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | $\boldsymbol{f}(\boldsymbol{x})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 14 |
| 4 | 18 |
| 5 | 23 |
| 6 | 29 |

b.

| $x$ | $f(x)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 2 |
| 1 | -1 |
| 2 | -4 |
| 3 | -7 |

c.

| $x$ | $f(x)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11 |
| 2 | 16 |
| 3 | 21 |
| 4 | 26 |

3. Calculate the average rate of change for each linear function using the formula. Show your work.
a.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | $\boldsymbol{f}(\boldsymbol{x})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | -4 |
| 7 | 4 |
| 9 | 8 |
| 12 | 14 |

b.


## Stretch

Craig left his house at noon and drove 50 miles per hour until 3 рм. Then he drove the next 5 hours at 70 miles per hour. Graph Craig's driving trip and calculate the average rate of change for the entire trip.

## Review

Evaluate each function for the given values.

1. $f(x)=3 x-10$
2. $f(x)=6$
a. $f(0)$
a. $f(0)$
3. $f(x)=9 x+7-3 x$
a. $f(0)$
b. $f(5)$
b. $f(-2)$
b. $f(0.5)$
4. The linear regression equation for the given data is $y=-x+19.7$. Complete the table for the linear regression equation, rounding your answers to the nearest tenth. Then construct and interpret a residual plot.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | $\boldsymbol{y}$ | Predicted Value | Residual Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 17 |  |  |
| 4 | 16 |  |  |
| 6 | 15 |  |  |
| 8 | 12 |  |  |
| 10 | 9 |  |  |
| 12 | 8 |  |  |

5. The linear regression equation for the given data is $y=3.93 x-11.33, r=0.8241$. Consider the scatterplot, the correlation coefficient, and the corresponding residual plot. State whether a linear model is appropriate for the data.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{y}$ | 9 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 25 | 48 |

Scatter Plot and Line of Best Fit


Residual Plot


