Warm Up

Draw a quadrilateral with the given property. Do not draw the same quadrilateral twice.

1. congruent angles

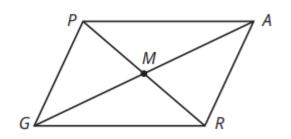
2. congruent diagonals

3. congruent sides

2. Use parallelogram PARG to prove that opposite sides of a M1-223 parallelogram are congruent. М Given: Parallelogram *PARG* with diagonals \overline{PR} and \overline{AG} intersecting at point M Prove: $\overline{PG} \cong \overline{AR}$ and $\overline{GR} \cong \overline{PA}$ Statements Reasons Now that you have proved that opposite sides of a parallelogram are congruent, you can use this property as a valid reason in future proofs.

4. Use parallelogram *PARG* to prove that opposite angles of a parallelogram are congruent.

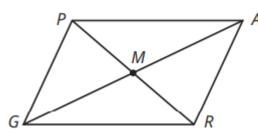
Given: Parallelogram PARG with diagonals \overline{PR} and \overline{AG} intersecting at point MProve: $\angle GPA \cong \angle ARG$ Statements





Reasons

5. Prove that the diagonals of a parallelogram bisect each other using what you have already proved about the angles and sides of the parallelogram in Question 1.



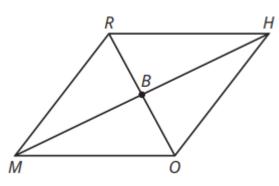
Statements	Reasons

M1-225

The **Parallelogram/Congruent-Parallel Side Theorem** states: "If one pair of opposite sides of a quadrilateral is both congruent and parallel, then the quadrilateral is a parallelogram."

A rhombus is a parallelogram with all sides congruent. Can this classification be proved?

7. Prove that rhombus *RHOM* is a parallelogram.



 Statements
 Reasons

M1-226