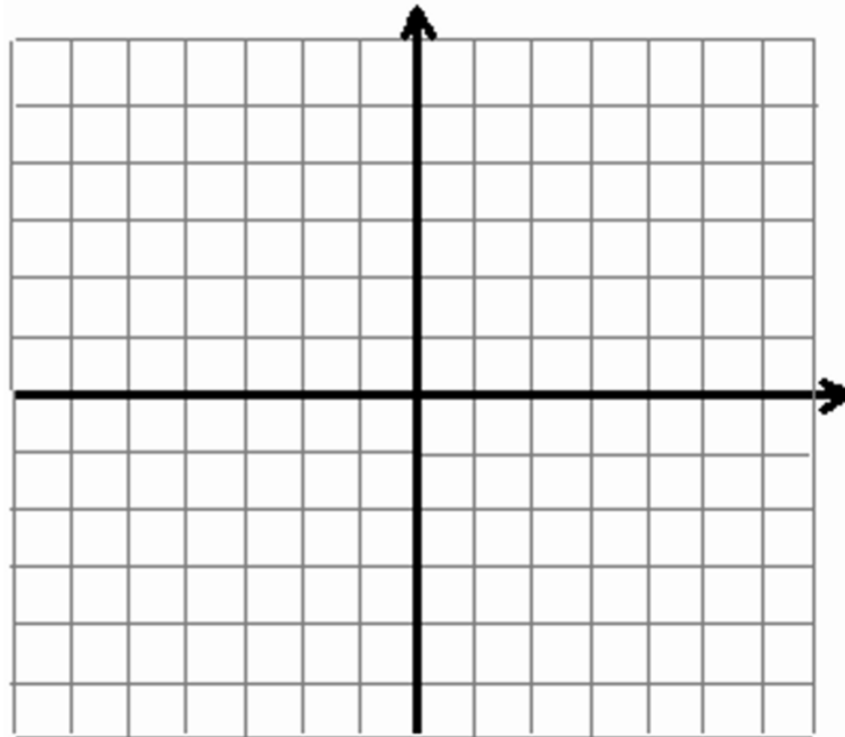


Identifying a Piecewise-Defined Function

Which of the twelve basic functions has the following **piecewise** definition over separate intervals of its domain?

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ -x & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$



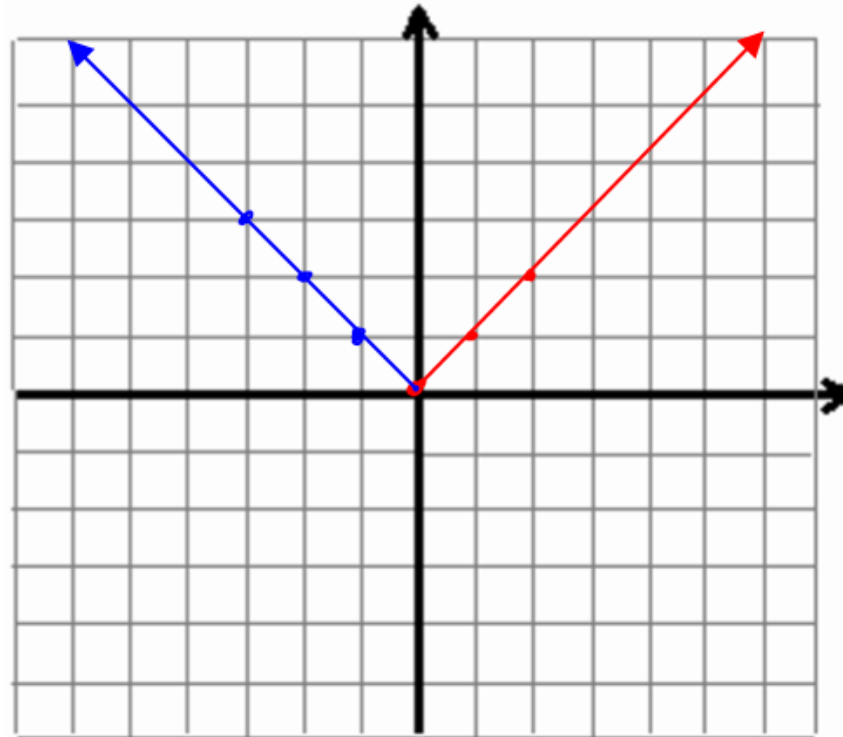
Identifying a Piecewise-Defined Function

Which of the twelve basic functions ^{Linear} has the following **piecewise** definition over separate intervals of its domain?

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ -x & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

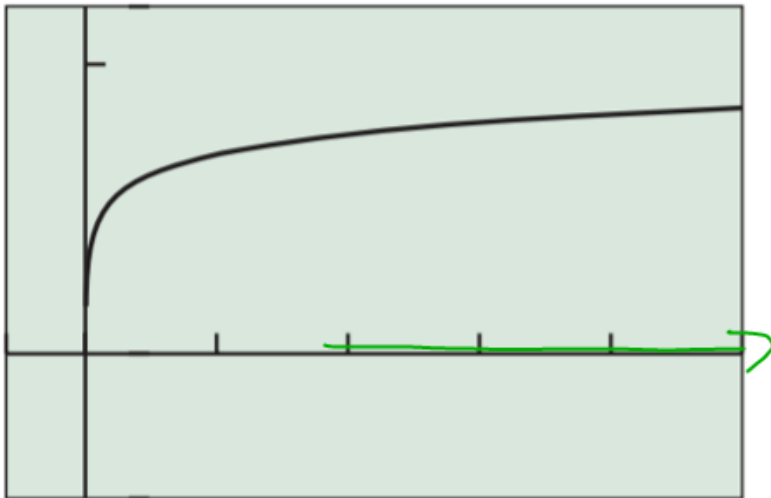
Domain
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

Range
 $[0, \infty)$



Looking for a Horizontal Asymptote

Does the graph of $y = \ln x$ (Figure 1.42) have a horizontal asymptote?



$[-600, 5000]$ by $[-5, 12]$

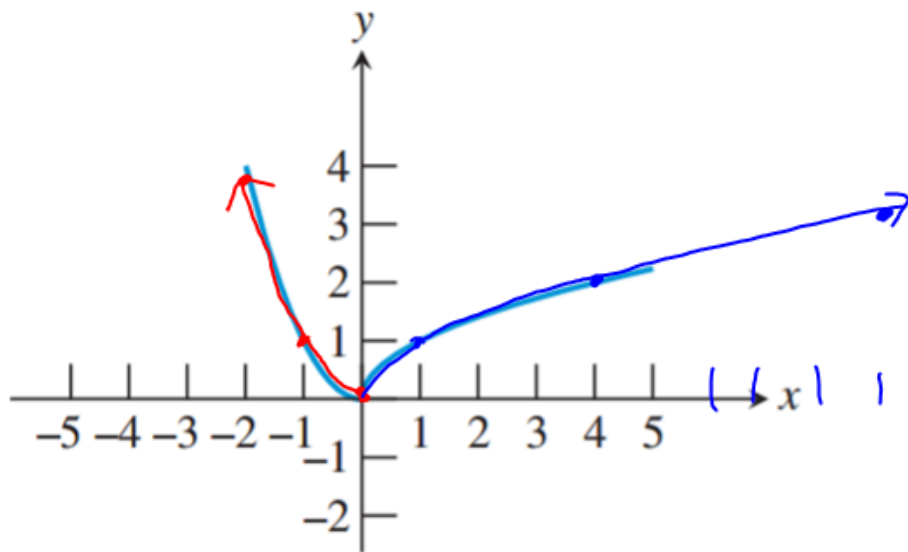
no!

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln x = \infty$$

FIGURE 1.53 The graph of $y = \ln x$ still appears to have a horizontal asymptote, despite the much larger window than in Figure 1.42. (Example 8)

Defining a Function Piecewise

Using basic functions from this section, construct a piecewise definition for the function whose graph is shown in Figure 1.52. Is your function continuous? *yes!*



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \leq 0 \\ \sqrt{x} & \text{if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

quadratic

square root